**Task 1**

The technological lock-ins means one organization too depend on the particular technology to using alternative solutions. The vendor lock-ins means one organization deeply use one a specific vendor’s products or services, which is difficult to switch to a competitor or alternative solutions. Form my point, the relevant example is almost everyone use microsoft office to work and learn. Even there’s some cheaper products to replace, the cost is too huge to accept. The another example is Apple products. These products have unique technical route, which is different from many android products.

In order to get ride of technological lock-ins and vendor lock-ins, the organization has to face expensive switch cost, incompatible to other systems, new learning cost, breach the contact and so on.

The advantages of remaing previous lock-ins are consistent and steady system or operational logic, single responsible party and less learning cost. The disadvantages are less innovation chances, imbalance between supply and demand, higher switch cost in the future, lack of flexibility and security risks.

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